Combination of drugs

†2351. SHRIMATI MONIKA DAS: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) the names of the combinations of the drugs which have been introduced in our country during the last three years alongwith the composition of each;

(b) the names of the preparations about which Government received reports about tional combination of drugs; and

(c) what is the procedure being adopted by Government for the withdrawal of irrational combiantion of drugs; and

(d) the names of the combination of marketing in the country by the drug Authorities during the last three years, alongwith the details of drugs and the state authority which cleared the particular combination?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE DEPARTMENT OF FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI S. KRISHNA KUMAR): (a) and (b) The information is being collected from the State Drug Control authorities and will be laid on the table of the Sabha.

(b) This Ministry has not received any such report about irrationality of combination of drugs.

(c) The proposals for withdrawal of irrational drug combinations are reviewed by the Drugs Technical Advisory Board (DTAB) which is a statutory body under the Drugs and Cosmetics Act to advise the Government on all technical matters. Necessary action to ban the manufacture and sale of irrational drug formulations is taken by the Government based on the recommendations made by the D.T.A.B.

Removal of the Chairman of Indian . . . . Airlines from Service

2352. DR. BAPU KALDATE:

DR. SHANTI G. PATEL:

Will the Minister of TRANSPORT be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the Chairman of the Indian Airlines has recently been removed from service; and

(b) if so, what are the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL AVIATION (SHRI JAGDISH TYTLER): (a) and (b) No, Sir. The erstwhile Part-time Chairman of Indian Airlines Capt. A. M. Kapur resigned from the post.

संघ राज्य क्षेत्र दिल्ली के क्षय रोगियों का औसत

2353. **श्री सत्य प्रकाश मालवीय** : क्या स्वास्थ्य और परिवार कल्याण मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) राष्ट्रीय औसत की तुलना में दिल्ली में क्षय रोगियों की संख्या का अनुपात कितना है ;

(ख) क्षयरोगियों का प्रति हजार राष्ट्रीय औसत कितना है और संघ राज्य क्षेत्र दिल्ली में यह संख्या प्रति हजार कितनी है ; और

(ग) संघ राज्य क्षेत्र दिल्ली में इस बढ़ती बीमारी को रोकने के लिए सरकार ने क्या कदम उठाये है ?

परिवार कल्याण विभाग में उप-मंत्री (श्री एस० कृष्ण कुमार) : (क) और (ख) 1955–58 के दौरान किये गये राष्ट्रीय नमूना क्षय रोग सर्वेक्षण तथा बाद के वर्षों के किये गये सीमित सर्वेक्षणों के परिणाम के अनुसार अनुमान है कि दिल्ली में क्षय रोग की व्यापकता दर लगभग राष्ट्रीय औसत दर के बराबर ही है ।

अनुमान है कि प्रति हजार लगभग 1.5 व्यक्ति (अर्थात जनसंख्या का 1.5 प्रतिशत) ऐसे हैं जो फेफड़े के क्षय रोग से पीड़ित हैं और उनका यह रोग एक्स-रे के हिसाब से सक्रिय है । इनमें से 1/4

†Previously Unstarred Question 1495 transferred from the 10th March, 1986.